

Oxfordshire Health & Wellbeing Board

18th June 2020

Oxfordshire Health & Wellbeing Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2020

Introduction

The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) was introduced to create stronger partnerships between communities, local government and the NHS, providing a firm foundation for commissioning that improves health and social care provision and reduce health inequalities. It helps commissioners shape services to address local needs, and a number of supportive resources are used to help produce the JSNA.

Since 2013 the Health & Wellbeing board has responsibility of overseeing the production of the JSNA. The JSNA is the means by which local leaders work together to understand and agree the needs of all local people, with the joint health and wellbeing strategy setting the priorities for collective action. Taken together they are the pillars of local decision making, focussing on the priorities for action and providing the evidence base for decisions about local services.

The JSNA in 2020

The JSNA is a draft working document published in draft form on the Oxfordshire Insight webpage through the following link

https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/2020_JSNA_DRAFT.pdf

Building on previous years, the team have developed the format of the document this year which makes it more user friendly and easier to search.

The report continues to be a mix of national statistics, local statistics and links to research carried out by organisations in Oxfordshire.

The report this year has more information on inequalities and more use of maps.

The datasets were produced pre the coronavirus pandemic. Due to the pandemic some national data collection had been paused so there will be delays in updating some of the national datasets.

Key findings of the Report

- Oxfordshire overall is relatively healthy, but inequalities remain;
 - Oxfordshire's more deprived wards experience significantly higher mortality rates than England.
 - The gap in early years development between lower income pupils in Oxfordshire has increased for the second year in a row.
- Just over 2,000 deaths in Oxfordshire (over three years 2016-18) were considered preventable including 1,054 cancer deaths and 558 cardiovascular.

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- Almost two thirds of adults are classified as overweight or obese. Prevalence is higher in males, older people, some ethnic groups and in more deprived areas.
- Oxfordshire's first health new towns – Bicester and Barton – have highlighted strong partnership working and people actively managing their health.
- There was an increase in the number of police recorded victims of domestic abuse in Oxfordshire and a significant increase in domestic abuse crimes involving children.
- Mental health rates of diagnosis and referrals are continuing to increase.

A range of facts and figures from the JSNA are shown in the diagram below.

Recommendation

The board are asked to sign off the draft JSNA report for 2020.

Oxfordshire JSNA, health and wellbeing facts and figures 2020

